

INVITATION TO COMMENT ON EFRAG'S INITIAL ASSESSMENTS OF IFRS 10, IFRS 11, IFRS 12, IAS 27 (2011) and IAS 28 (2011)

Comments should be sent to <u>commentletters@efrag.org</u> or uploaded via our website by 11 March 2012

EFRAG has been asked by the European Commission to provide it with advice and supporting material on the five new and amended standards that address the accounting for consolidation and joint arrangements ('the Standards'), namely IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements (IFRS 10), IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements (IFRS 11), IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities (IFRS 12), IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements (IAS 27 (2011)) and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (IAS 28 (2011)).

In order to do that, EFRAG has been carrying out an assessment of each of the Standards against the technical criteria for endorsement set out in Regulation (EC) No 1606/2002 and has also been assessing the costs and benefits that would arise from its implementation in the European Union ('EU') and European Economic Area.

Before finalising its two assessments, EFRAG would welcome your views on the issues set out below. Please note that all responses received will be placed on the public record, unless the respondent requests confidentiality. In the interest of transparency EFRAG will wish to discuss the responses it receives in a public meeting, so we would prefer to be able to publish all the responses received.

Personal information

Please provide the following details about yourself:

(a)	Your name or, if you are responding on behalf of an organisation or company its name:
	Dr. Martin Schloemer, Bayer AG
(b)	Are you a:
	□ Preparer □ User □ Other (please specify)

Invitation to Comment on EFRAG's Initial Assessments of IFRS 10, IFRS 11, IFRS 12, IAS 28 (2011) and IAS 27 (2011)

(c)	Please provide a short description of your activity:
	N/A
(d)	Country where you are located:
	Germany
(e)	Contact details including e-mail address:
	martin.schloemer@bayer.com

Invitation to Comment on EFRAG's Initial Assessments of IFRS 10, IFRS 11, IFRS 12, IAS 28 (2011) and IAS 27 (2011)

Contents	page
nvitation to Comment on EFRAG's Initial Assessments of IFRS 10	4
nvitation to Comment on EFRAG's Initial Assessments of IFRS 11	6
nvitation to Comment on EFRAG's Initial Assessments of IFRS 12	9
nvitation to Comment on EFRAG's Initial Assessments of IAS 28 (2011)	12
nvitation to Comment on EFRAG's Initial Assessments of IAS 27 (2011)	14
nvitation to Comment on EFRAG's Initial Assessment of the date of transition	16

EFRAG's initial assessment of IFRS 10 is that it meets the technical criteria for endorsement. In other words, it is not contrary to the principle of true and fair view

Invitation to Comment on EFRAG's Initial Assessments of IFRS 10

1

(a)	Do you agree with this assessment?			
	⊠ Yes □ No			
	If you do not, please explain why you do not agree and what you believe the implications of this should be for EFRAG's endorsement advice.			
(b)	Are there any issues that are not mentioned in Appendix 2 of IFRS 10 EFRAG's Initial Assessments that you believe EFRAG should take in account in its technical evaluation of IFRS 10? If there are, what are those issues and why do you believe they are relevant to the evaluation?			
use yea	AG is also assessing the costs that are likely to arise for preparers and for on implementation of IFRS 10 in the EU, both in year one and in subseque as Some initial work has been carried out, and the responses to this Invitation ment will be used to complete the assessment.			
user year Con The App initia requ ban con- sign	on implementation of IFRS 10 in the EU, both in year one and in subseque. Some initial work has been carried out, and the responses to this Invitation			
The App initiate conditions that	son implementation of IFRS 10 in the EU, both in year one and in subseque a. Some initial work has been carried out, and the responses to this Invitation ment will be used to complete the assessment. The sults of the initial assessment of costs are set out in paragraphs 4 to 42 and a single of the initial assessment of costs are set out in paragraphs 4 to 42 and a single of the initial assessments. To summarise, EFRAG assessment is that all preparers will incur additional costs to implement the rements in IFRS 10, and for some preparers (particularly companies in the industry and insurance industry), the initial costs of implementation are ucting the required analysis will be significant, with ongoing costs being legicant and decreasing over time. Furthermore, EFRAG's Initial Assessment			

In addition. E	
IFRS 10. The 43 to 54 of Apper EFRAG's initial IFRS 10. In paguidance, the	FRAG is assessing the benefits that are likely to be derived from results of the initial assessment of benefits are set out in paragraphs opendix 3 of IFRS 10 - EFRAG's Initial Assessments. To summarise all assessment is that preparers and users are likely to benefit from articular in areas where current IFRSs was silent or contained limited new requirements should enhance consistency of application and parability for users, in a significant way.
Do you agree	with this assessment?
⊠ Yes	□ No
	agree with this assessment, please provide your arguments and nis should affect EFRAG's endorsement advice?
IFRS 10 in th	al assessment is that the benefits to be derived from implementing EU as described in paragraph 4 above are likely to outweigh the as described in paragraph 3 above.
	de decembed in paragraph o above.
	with this assessment?
Do you agree	, • .
Do you agree ⊠ Yes If you do not	with this assessment?
Do you agree ⊠ Yes If you do not	with this assessment? No agree with this assessment, please provide your arguments and
Do you agree Yes If you do not indicate how the second control of the second control o	with this assessment? No agree with this assessment, please provide your arguments and his should affect EFRAG's endorsement advice? t aware of any other factors that should be taken into account in cision as to what endorsement advice it should give the European
Do you agree Yes If you do not indicate how the indicat	with this assessment? No agree with this assessment, please provide your arguments and his should affect EFRAG's endorsement advice? t aware of any other factors that should be taken into account in cision as to what endorsement advice it should give the European
Do you agree Yes If you do not indicate how the second in the second i	with this assessment? No agree with this assessment, please provide your arguments and his should affect EFRAG's endorsement advice? It aware of any other factors that should be taken into account in cision as to what endorsement advice it should give the European IFRS 10.

7	endo and EFR	AG's initial assessment of IFRS 11 is that it meets the technical criteria for orsement. In other words, it is not contrary to the principle of true and fair view it meets the criteria of understandability, relevance, reliability and comparability. AG's reasoning is set out in Appendix 2 of IFRS 11 - EFRAG's Initial essments.		
	(a)	Do you agree with this assessment?		
		⊠ Yes □ No		
		If you do not, please explain why you do not agree and what you believe the implications of this should be for EFRAG's endorsement advice.		
	(b)	Are there any issues that are not mentioned in Appendix 2 of IFRS 11 - EFRAG's Initial Assessments that you believe EFRAG should take into account in its technical evaluation of IFRS 11? If there are, what are those issues and why do you believe they are relevant to the evaluation?		
		Accounting / Implementation guidance for "proportional" parts are quite vague. Diversity in practice could be the consequence. Additional educational or implementation material should be provided to overcome this shortcomming and help to generate a uniform understanding across industries.		
8	usei yeai	AG is also assessing the costs that are likely to arise for preparers and for son implementation of IFRS 11 in the EU, both in year one and in subsequent s. Some initial work has been carried out, and the responses to this Invitation to ment will be used to complete the assessment.		
	to 5	results of the initial assessment of costs are set out in paragraphs 7 to 40, 46 1 and 56 to 71 of Appendix 3 of <i>IFRS 11 - EFRAG's Initial Assessments</i> . To imarise, EFRAG's initial assessment is that:		
	(a)	IFRS 11 is likely to result in incremental one-off costs for preparers, which for some preparers could be significant. Preparers that expect to be most affected are (1) those that have interests in joint operations structured through a separate vehicle, which were previously accounted for under the equity method, and (2) those that present only separate financial statements and have interests in joint operations structured through separate vehicle;		

The incremental ongoing costs will not be significant for most of preparers.

However, the ongoing costs could be significant for some preparers; in particular those that have interests in numerous joint operations structured

(b)

through separate vehicle and that present only separate financial statements; and

(c) IFRS 11	is unlikely to result in significant costs for users.
Do you agree	with this assessment?
⊠ Yes	□ No
	please explain why you do not and (if possible) explain broadly what costs involved will be?
IFRS 11. The 41 to 44, 52 Assessments.	FRAG is assessing the benefits that are likely to be derived from results of the initial assessment of benefits are set out in paragraphs to 54, and 72 to 75 of Appendix 3 of <i>IFRS 11 - EFRAG's Initial</i> . To summarise, EFRAG's initial assessment is that IFRS 11 with any benefits for users and some benefits for preparers.
Do you agree	with this assessment?
⊠ Yes	□ No
	agree with this assessment, please provide your arguments and is should affect EFRAG's endorsement advice?
IFRS 11 in the	al assessment is that the benefits to be derived from implementing EU as described in paragraph 9 of above are likely to outweigh the as described in paragraph 8 above.
Do you agree	with this assessment?
⊠ Yes	□ No
	agree with this assessment, please provide your arguments and is should affect EFRAG's endorsement advice?
EFRAG is not	aware of any other factors that should be taken into account in

Commission on IFRS 11.

Do you agree that there are no other factors? ☑ Yes ☐ No If you do not agree, please provide your arguments and indicate how this should affect EFRAG's endorsement advice?

12	endo and EFR	AG's initial assessment of IFRS 12 is that it meets the technical criteria for presement. In other words, it is not contrary to the principle of true and fair view it meets the criteria of understandability, relevance, reliability and comparability. AG's reasoning is set out in Appendix 2 of IFRS 12 - EFRAG's Initial essments.
	(a)	Do you agree with this assessment?
		⊠ Yes □ No
		If you do not, please explain why you do not agree and what you believe the implications of this should be for EFRAG's endorsement advice.
	(b)	Are there any issues that are not mentioned in Appendix 2 of of <i>IFRS 12 - EFRAG's Initial Assessments</i> that you believe EFRAG should take into account in its technical evaluation of IFRS 12? If there are, what are those issues and why do you believe they are relevant to the evaluation?
13	user: year:	AG is also assessing the costs that are likely to arise for preparers and for s on implementation of IFRS 12 in the EU, both in year one and in subsequent s. Some initial work has been carried out, and the responses to this Invitation to ment will be used to complete the assessment.
	Appe	results of the initial assessment of costs are set out in paragraphs 5 to 40 of endix 3 of <i>IFRS 12 - EFRAG's Initial Assessments</i> . To summarise, EFRAG's I assessment is that:
	(a)	some preparers are likely to incur significant one-off costs from implementing IFRS 12, in particular when they have numerous interests in other entities and when getting access to data is difficult;
	(b)	the ongoing costs of providing the disclosures are likely to be insignificant in most cases, once preparers are acquainted with the new requirements and have adapted their systems and processes to meet the requirements and collected data for the first time; and
	(c)	IFRS 12 is likely to result in significant one-off costs for users (particularly in those cases where detailed changes to their models are needed) and in cost savings on an ongoing basis.

ing the benefits that are likely to be derived from initial assessment of benefits are set out in ix 3 of IFRS 12 - EFRAG's Initial Assessments. To essment is that preparers are likely to benefit from a are expected to improve the communication with initial assessment is that IFRS 12 will bring users. ent? assessment, please provide your arguments and FRAG's endorsement advice?
initial assessment of benefits are set out in ix 3 of IFRS 12 - EFRAG's Initial Assessments. To essment is that preparers are likely to benefit from a are expected to improve the communication with initial assessment is that IFRS 12 will bring users. ent? assessment, please provide your arguments and
initial assessment of benefits are set out in ix 3 of IFRS 12 - EFRAG's Initial Assessments. To essment is that preparers are likely to benefit from a are expected to improve the communication with initial assessment is that IFRS 12 will bring users. ent? assessment, please provide your arguments and
assessment, please provide your arguments and
that the benefits to be derived from implementing d in paragraph 14 above are likely to outweigh the aragraph 13 above.
ent?
assessment, please provide your arguments and
FRAG's endorsement advice?
FRAG's endorsement advice?

6		e of any other factors that should be taken into account in as to what endorsement advice it should give the European 12.
	Do you agree that the	re are no other factors?
	⊠ Yes	□ No
	If you do not agree, paffect EFRAG's endor	please provide your arguments and indicate how this should sement advice?

EFRAG's initial assessment of IAS 28 (2011) is that it meets the technical criteria

Invitation to Comment on EFRAG's Initial Assessments of IAS 28 (2011)

	iparability. EF RAG's <i>Initial As</i>	RAG's reasoning is set out in Appendix 2 of IAS 28 (2011) assessments.
(a)	Do you agre	e with this assessment?
	⊠ Yes	□ No
		t, please explain why you do not agree and what you believe the of this should be for EFRAG's endorsement advice.
(b)	EFRAG's In account in i	by issues that are not mentioned in Appendix 2 of IAS 28 (2011 initial Assessments that you believe EFRAG should take in the technical evaluation of IAS 28 (2011)? If there are, what as and why do you believe they are relevant to the evaluation?
use subs this ame	rs on impleme sequent years Invitation to	ssessing the costs that are likely to arise for preparers and tentation of IAS 28 (2011) in the EU, both in year one and . Some initial work has been carried out, and the responses Comment will be used to complete the assessment. T
App EFF dec	endix 3 of <i>li</i> RAG's initial as	initial assessment of costs are set out in paragraphs 7 and 8 AS 28 (2011) - EFRAG's Initial Assessments. To summarise sessment is that, for preparers, IAS 28 (2011) would involve as. For users, costs are unlikely to be significantly affected
Do	you agree with	this assessment?
	res .	□No
		ase explain why you do not and (if possible) explain broadly wh

IAS 28 (2011) paragraphs 9 To summarise benefits for pr	FRAG is assessing the benefits that are likely to be derived from the initial assessment of benefits are set out in to 11 of Appendix 3 of IAS 28 (2011) - EFRAG's Initial Assessments. e, EFRAG's initial assessment is that IAS 28 (2011) does not affect reparers in any significant way, and the users are likely to benefit from the information resulting from them will assist users in their
Do you agree	with this assessment?
⊠ Yes	□ No
	t agree with this assessment, please provide your arguments and his should affect EFRAG's endorsement advice?
IAS 28 (2011)	entatively concluded that the benefits to be derived from implementing in the EU as described in paragraph 19 above are likely to outweigh lived as described in paragraph 18 above.
Do you agree	with this assessment?
⊠ Yes	☐ No
	t agree with this assessment, please provide your arguments and
	his should affect EFRAG's endorsement advice?
	his should affect EFRAG's endorsement advice?
EFRAG is no reaching a de	his should affect EFRAG's endorsement advice? ot aware of any other factors that should be taken into account in ecision as to what endorsement advice it should give the European on IAS 28 (2011).
EFRAG is no reaching a de Commission o	ot aware of any other factors that should be taken into account in ecision as to what endorsement advice it should give the European
EFRAG is no reaching a de Commission of	ot aware of any other factors that should be taken into account in ecision as to what endorsement advice it should give the European on IAS 28 (2011).

Invitation to Comment on EFRAG's Initial Assessments of IAS 28 (2011)

EFRAG's initial assessment of IAS 27 (2011) is that they meet the technical criteria

Invitation to Comment on EFRAG's Initial Assessments of IAS 27 (2011)

22

(a)	Do you agree with this assessment?					
	⊠ Yes	□ No				
	If you do not, please explain why you do not agree and what you believe the implications of this should be for EFRAG's endorsement advice.					
(b)	EFRAG's Initial account in its to	sues that are not mentioned in Appendix 2 of IAS 27 (2011) Assessments that you believe EFRAG should take into echnical evaluation of IAS 27 (2011)? If there are, what are why do you believe they are relevant to the evaluation?				
user subs		sing the costs that are likely to arise for preparers and fo tion of IAS 27 (2011) in the EU, both in year one and ir				
user subs	sequent years. So	me initial work has been carried out, and the responses to nent will be used to complete the assessment.				
user subs this The Appe	sequent years. So Invitation to Comr results of the initional and in the initional sequence.	nent will be used to complete the assessment. ial assessment of costs are set out in paragraphs 4 to 6 of (2011) - EFRAG's Initial Assessments. To summarise sment is that IAS 27 (2011) will not result in any significan				
user subs this The Appe EFR cost	sequent years. So Invitation to Comr results of the ini endix 3 of IAS 2 AG's initial asses	nent will be used to complete the assessment. ial assessment of costs are set out in paragraphs 4 to 6 of (2011) - EFRAG's Initial Assessments. To summarise sment is that IAS 27 (2011) will not result in any significant eparers.				
user subs this The Appe EFR cost	sequent years. So Invitation to Comr results of the ini- endix 3 of IAS 2 AG's initial asses s for users and provou agree with this	nent will be used to complete the assessment. ial assessment of costs are set out in paragraphs 4 to 6 of (2011) - EFRAG's Initial Assessments. To summarise sment is that IAS 27 (2011) will not result in any significant eparers.				
user substitution that the Appeleration of the	sequent years. So Invitation to Comresults of the initial assess for users and provou agree with this	nent will be used to complete the assessment. ial assessment of costs are set out in paragraphs 4 to 6 of (2011) - EFRAG's Initial Assessments. To summarise sment is that IAS 27 (2011) will not result in any significant eparers. assessment? No explain why you do not and (if possible) explain broadly what				

Invitation to Comment on EFRAG's Initial Assessments of IAS 27 (2011)

24	In addition, EFRAG is assessing the benefits that are likely to be derived from IAS 27 (2011). The results of the initial assessment of benefits are set out in paragraphs 4 to 6 of Appendix 3 of IAS 27 (2011) - EFRAG's Initial Assessments. To summarise, EFRAG's initial assessment is that IAS 27 (2011) will not result in any significant benefits for prepares and users.							
	Do you agree	e with this assessment?						
	⊠ Yes	□ No						
	If you do not agree with this assessment, please provide your arguments and indicate how this should affect EFRAG's endorsement advice?							
25	EFRAG's initial assessment is that the benefits to be derived from implementing IAS 27 (2011) in the EU as described in paragraph 24 above are likely to balance the costs involved as described in paragraph 23 above.							
	Do you agree with this assessment?							
	⊠ Yes	□ No						
		at agree with this assessment, please provide your arguments and this should affect EFRAG's endorsement advice?						
26	reaching a d	ot aware of any other factors that should be taken into account in ecision as to what endorsement advice it should give the European on IAS 27 (2011).						
	Do you agree	e that there are no other factors?						
	⊠ Yes	□ No						
		agree, please provide your arguments and indicate how this should s's endorsement advice?						

Invitation to Comment on EFRAG's Initial Assessment of the date of transition

27 EFRAG has prepared a draft of the endorsement advice letter it will issue to the European Commission that recommends that the effective date of the Standards should be 1 January 2014, with early application permitted. Given the interaction between the Standards, EFRAG recommends that they be adopted by companies at the same time, and therefore recommends the deferral of the effective date to apply to all Standards.

In reaching its conclusions, EFRAG considered a number of factors, which are described in EFRAG's *Draft cover letter to the European Commission* issued together with this invitation to comment.

	ee with EFRAG's reco e EU as of 1 January 20					be
⊠ Yes	☐ No					
If you do not	agree with this recomme	ndation, pleas	se explain	your positio	n?	
guidance	if the meantime as mentioned abouted to IFRS 11).		_	_		