

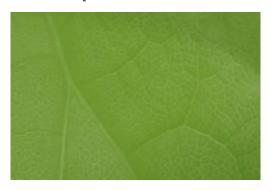
Proposal for a Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive

EFRAG TEG-CFSS

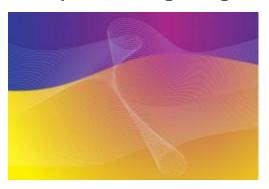
16 June 2021

Policy context

European Green Deal



Europe Fit for Digital Age



Economy that Works for People



Particular relevance of:

- Sustainable Finance Action Plan and related legislation (especially Taxonomy and SFDR)
- Sustainable Corporate Governance Initiative (forthcoming)
- European Single Access Point (forthcoming)

Covid-19

- > Accelerates growth in demand for corporate non-financial information
- Need to ensure sustainable and inclusive recovery
- > Economic crisis and administrative costs on business



Background The need for new rules

Problems for users

- Some companies report no information
- Relevant information not reported
- Comparability
- Reliability
- Findability and usability (digital)



Systemic risks to financial system

Limited capital flows to sustainable companies

Accountability deficit

Problems for preparers

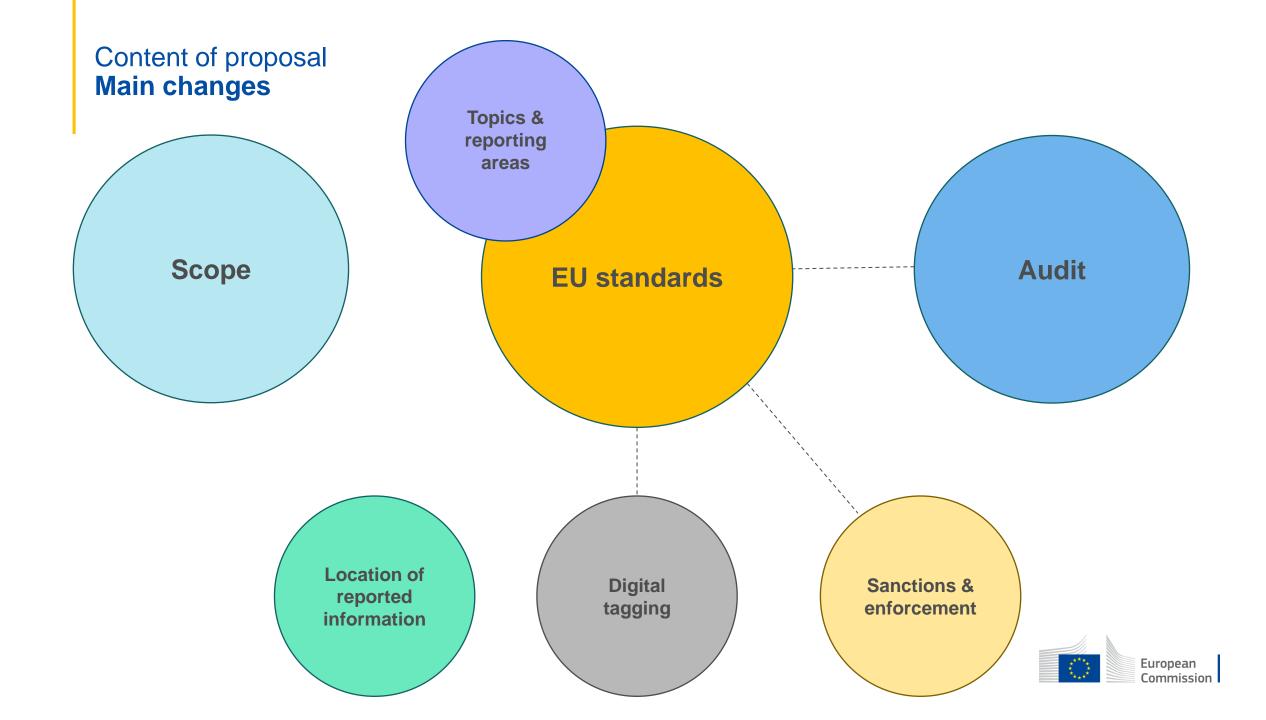
- Uncertainty about what to report
- Additional information requests
- Cannot get adequate information from own suppliers and clients



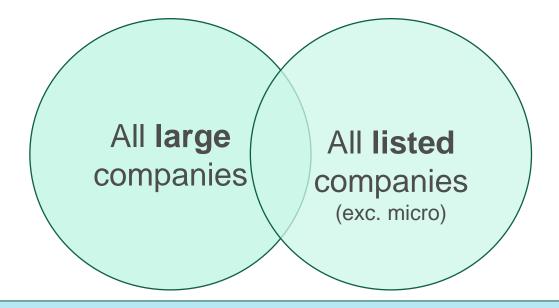
Costs and administrative burden

Situation highly dynamic: problems for users & costs for preparers will increase with no EU action





Content of proposal **Scope: which companies?**



- > Includes non-EU companies listed on EU regulated markets.
- ➤ Listed SMEs: 3 year phase-in, and simpler reporting regime.
- > Subsidiary exempted if parent reports according to EU requirements (or equivalent if non-EU company).



Content of proposal Coverage of sustainability topics

Environment

- 1. Climate change mitigation
- 2. Climate change adaptation
- 3. Water & marine
- 4. Resource use & CE
- 5. Pollution
- 6. Biodiversity & ecosystems

Mirrors EU Taxonomy

Social

- 1. Equal opportunities
- 2. Working conditions
- 3. Human rights

1 & 2 build on European Pillar of Social Rights

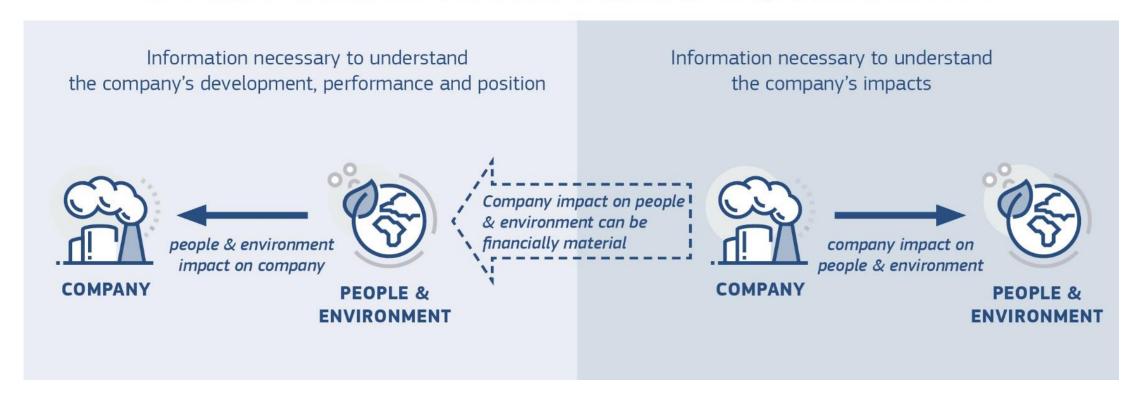
Governance

- 1. Role & composition of board and management
- 2. Ethics & corp. culture (inc. bribery & corruption)
- 3. Political engagements
- 4. Business relationships
- 5. Control & risk management



Content of proposal **Double materiality**

THE CSRD CLARIFIES THAT REPORTING IS REQUIRED BOTH ON:





Content of proposal Required reporting areas

Business model and strategy...

- ☐ resilience
- opportunities
- ☐ transition plans
- ☐ interests of stakeholders
- ☐ impacts
- □ strategy implementation

And...

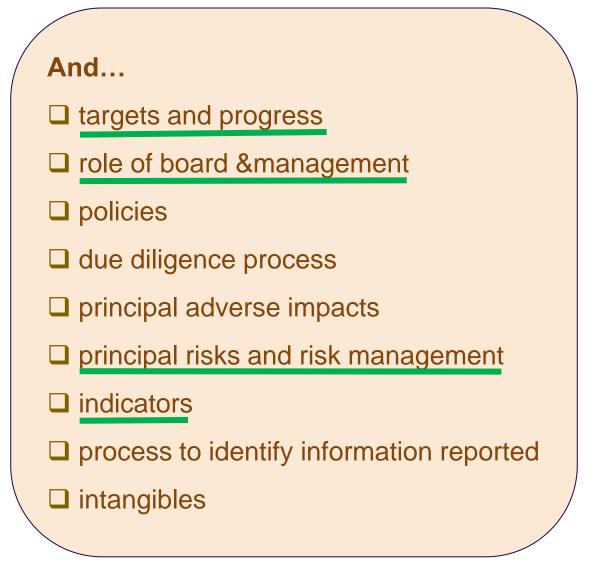
- ☐ targets and progress
- ☐ role of board &management
- policies
- ☐ due diligence process
- principal adverse impacts
- principal risks and risk management
- □ indicators
- process to identify information reported
- ☐ intangibles



Content of proposal Required reporting areas

Business model and strategy... resilience opportunities transition plans interests of stakeholders impacts strategy implementation

Embedding the TCFD





Content of proposal Other requirements of reported information

- ✓ Forward-looking and retrospective
- Qualitative and quantitative
- ✓ Short, medium and long-term horizons
- ✓ Value chain, business relationships
- ✓ Understandability, relevance, reliability, verifiability, faithful representation

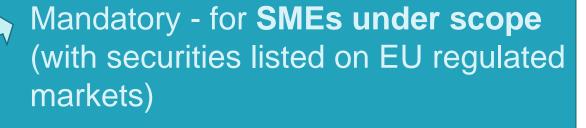


Content of proposal **Standards**

Standards for <u>large companies</u>

Mandatory

Standards for <u>SMEs</u>



Voluntary - for all other SMEs



Content of proposal **Standards**

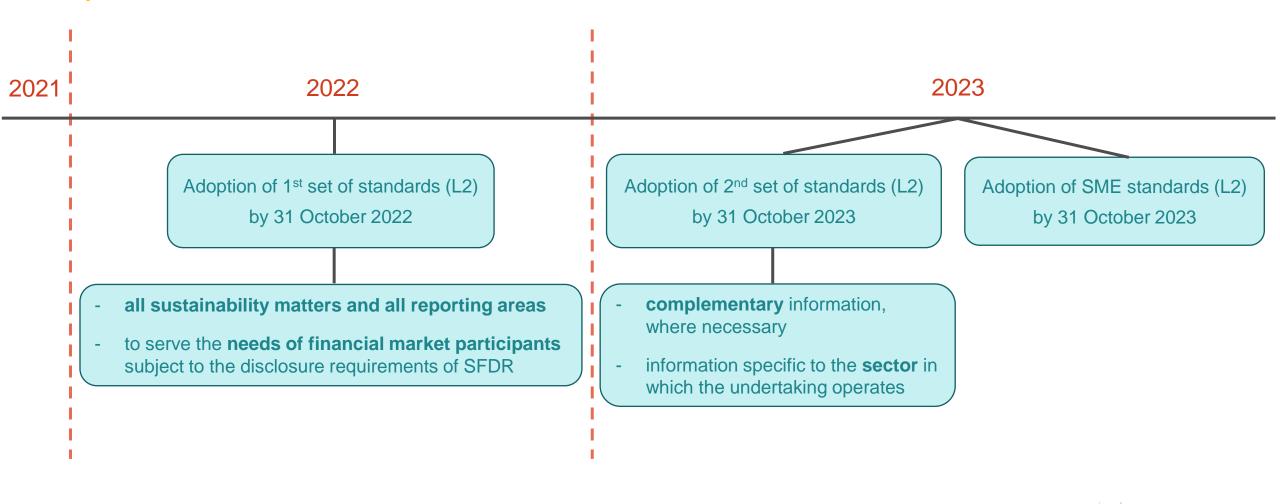
- ✓ meet quality criteria
- ✓ cover detailed E, S and G topics
- ✓ take account of EU legislation and initiatives
- ✓ take account of global standardsetting initiatives

- ✓ European Financial Reporting Advisory Group (EFRAG) develops draft standards
- ✓ Commission adopts standards as Delegated Acts after consulting relevant EU bodies



Content of proposal **Standards**

Assuming co-legislators agreement in Q1/Q2 2022





Content of proposal Location: where should information be reported?

Management report

Exempted subsidiary companies: publish the consolidated management report of the parent company, and include a reference in its individual management report to the fact that it is exempted.



Content of proposal **Assurance**

What?

- > 'Limited assurance'
- ➤ 'Reasonable assurance' if Commission adopts assurance standards for reasonable assurance

Who?

- > Statutory auditor
- ➢ If MS allows for it, any other accredited independent assurance services provider



Content of proposal **Digital**

Companies

- ☐ financial statements and management report in a single electronic reporting format (XHTML)
- □ mark-up sustainability information only, to make it machine readable

Member States

- ensure that information ispublished in electronic format
- □ ensure that reported information
 reaches Officially Appointed
 Mechanisms (OAMs) → ESAP



Content of proposal Coherence with international initiatives

- Sustainability reporting standards must take account of the work of global standard-setting initiatives.
- Standards to be reviewed and amended as necessary every 3
 years to take into account relevant developments, "including
 developments with regard to international standards."
- **EFRAG** will work in co-construction with international initiatives.



Indicative timeline

- 21 April 2021: Commission adopts proposal
- Q1/Q2 2022: Co-legislators reach agreement on level1
- Mid-2022: first set of draft standards ready
- End-2022: first standards adopted in level 2 Delegated Regulations
- 2024: companies publish first reports according to standards (covering financial year 2023)

The development of standards will begin in parallel to negotiations on the level 1 legislation.



Thank you



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